

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Antifreeze
Product number 865567

Synonyms; trade names GP3 Universal Antifreeze,GP3 Antifreeze with Bitrex

Manufacturer or Supplier.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Automotive Industry.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Quest Consumables Ltd

Stock House, Seymour Road Nuneaton, CV11 4LB United Kingdom +44 (0) 2476 322126

Contact person sales@questconsumables.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Please contact +44 (0) 1744 813535

National emergency telephone NCEC (UK) National Chemical Emergency Centre +44 (0) 1235 239670

number

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification

Physical hazards Not Classified

**Health hazards** Acute Tox. 4 - H302 STOT RE 2 - H373

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Classification (67/548/EEC or Xn;R22.

1999/45/EC)

## 2.2. Label elements

## **Pictogram**





Signal word Warning

Revision date: 05/11/2015 Supersedes date: 10/09/2015 Revision: 2

### **Antifreeze**

Hazard statements H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary statements P260 Do not breathe vapour/spray.

> P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

**Contains** Mono Ethylene Glycol

Supplementary precautionary

P330 Rinse mouth.

statements

### 2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

Mono Ethylene Glycol >60-100%

CAS number: 107-21-1 EC number: 203-473-3 REACH registration number: 01-

2119456816-28- xx

Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Xn;R22.

STOT RE 2 - H373

>1-<3% Disodium tetraborate pentahydrate

CAS number: 12179-04-3 EC number: 215-540-4 REACH registration number: 01-

2119490790-32-xxxx

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Repr. Cat. 2;R60,R61. Xi;R36. Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

Repr. 1B - H360FD

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments Bitrex [Denatonium benzoate CAS 3734-33-6] may have been added in small quantities by

customer request.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

> keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air at once. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration.

When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by

administering oxygen. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get

medical attention.

Revision date: 05/11/2015 Supersedes date: 10/09/2015 Revision: 2

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administering oxygen. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get

medical attention.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing and rinse skin thoroughly with water. Get medical attention if

any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15

minutes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort

continues.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Inhalation** Upper respiratory irritation.

**Ingestion** Nausea, vomiting. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

**Skin contact** Prolonged skin contact may cause redness and irritation.

**Eye contact** May cause temporary eye irritation.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or

vapours. Oxides of carbon.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. Keep up-wind to avoid fumes. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

clothing.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Provide adequate

ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Spillages or uncontrolled

discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or

watercourses.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Stop leak if possible without risk. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near

spillage. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

**DNEL** Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 35 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 106 mg/kg Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 7 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 53 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 10 mg/l

- Marine water; 1 mg/l - STP; 199.5 mg/l

- Sediment Freshwater; 20.9 mg/kg

- Soil; 1.53 mg/kg

- Intermittent release; 10 mg/l

# Disodium tetraborate pentahydrate (CAS: 12179-04-3)

**DNEL** Consumer - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 1.15 mg/kg/day

Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 17.04 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 17.04 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 9.8 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 17.04 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 17.04 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 4.9 mg/m³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 458.2 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 231.8 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 2.02 mg/l

- Marine water; 2.02 mg/l - Intermittent release; 13.7 mg/l

Soil; 5.4 mg/kgSTP; 10 mg/l

### 8.2. Exposure controls

# Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Eye/face protection

The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles or face shield. EN 166 recommended

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Butyl rubber. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Neoprene. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

Other skin and body protection

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wear suitable protective clothing as protection against splashing or contamination.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### **Antifreeze**

Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. It is recommended to

use respiratory equipment with combination filter, type A2/P2.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour May be colourless or dyed in various colours depending on customer requirements

Odour Odourless.

Melting point -12°C

Initial boiling point and range 165°C @ 760 mm Hg

Flash point 111°C CC (Closed cup).

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Lower flammable/explosive limit: 3.2

Vapour pressure 0.05 kPa @ °C

Vapour density 2.14

Relative density 1.13 @ @ 20°C

Solubility(ies) Miscible with water. Miscible with the following materials: acetone Alcohols.

Partition coefficient log Pow: -1.93

Auto-ignition temperature 400°C

Viscosity 21 cP @ 20°C

### 9.2. Other information

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

Will not polymerise.

reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong oxidising agents.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxides. Strong alkalis. Strong acids.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

### **Antifreeze**

Hazardous decomposition

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or

**products** vapours. Oxides of carbon.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Toxicological effects** Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

7,712.0

mg/kg) Species

Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg)

528.32

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD50

3,500.0

mg/kg)

Species Mouse

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅o

vapours mg/l)

2.5

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) 6 hrs

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Not irritating.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Gene mutation:: Negative. Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Fertility: - >1000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant

Reproductive toxicity -

Not available.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 200 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

# SECTION 12: Ecological Information

### **Antifreeze**

**Ecotoxicity** The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. Information given is

applicable to the major ingredient.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 72860 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅o, 48 hours, 48 hours: > 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours, 96 hours: > 6500 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

Acute toxicity - EC20, >: > 1995 mg/l, Activated sludge

microorganisms 30 Mins

Chronic toxicity - fish early life NOEC, : 15380 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

stage 7 days

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable

Stability (hydrolysis) Hydrolysis is not expected / probable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** Bioconcentration potential is low.

Partition coefficient log Pow: -1.93

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility This material has low volatility and is water soluble hence the potential for mobility is high.

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Soil - Koc: 1 @ °C

Henry's law constant 0.1327 atm m3/mol @ °C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations** 

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Waste is suitable for incineration. Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to

licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal

Authority.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

Waste class Waste Code: 07 01 04

**SECTION 14: Transport information** 

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods

(IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

### **Antifreeze**

## 14.1. UN number

No information required.

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

No information required.

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No information required.

### 14.4. Packing group

No information required.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

## Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

No information required.

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Substance Name: Ethylene Glycol

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 Pollution Category: Y

and the IBC Code Ship Type: 3

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No. 2677) (as

amended).

**EU legislation** Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC.

Water hazard classification WGK 1

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision comments Minor changes made

Issued by HCS Group Technical Team

Revision date 05/11/2015

Revision 2

Supersedes date 10/09/2015

SDS number 21437

SDS status Approved.

Risk phrases in full R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R36 Irritating to eyes. R60 May impair fertility.

R61 May cause harm to the unborn child.

Hazard statements in full H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure if

swallowed.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.